NAGE EDUCATION SERIES

CONFLICT DE-ESCALATION

Setting limits; indicate the behavior needed to deal with the concern

Use emotional labeling to acknowledge the person's feelings

Agree where you can without conceding

Be open-ended and ready to listen

Acknowledge their point of view and/or validate their feelings

Ask clarifying questions, to show concern, sincerity, and interest may curb aggression



Apologize; consider offering an apology... even if you've done nothing wrong

Encourage to signal that you understand the emotions at play

Connect to find some common ground

Speak like a human, not a policy manual

Summarize or paraphrase what you hear the individual saying, their concerns

Mirroring (reflect) what the person is saying by repeating key words or phrases

CONFLICT DE-ESCALATION TIPS



LISTENING, not resolving, listen to what the other has to say



CONNECTING, not winning, it's not a competition



PARTNERING, not patronizing, focus on what you're doing together



WE/US/LET'S, not you, identify the common ground



PRIVATE, not public, if you're talking about a person/personal matter

What to Avoid in a Conflict



- Avoid (or try to) becoming emotionally involved
- Avoid engaging in power struggles (leave titles and positions out of it)
- Avoid becoming rigid
- Avoid telling the other person you know how he/she feels
- Avoid raising your voice, making threats, using profanity, or giving ultimatums
- Avoid aggressive language (including body language)
- Avoid intimidating the person

